



Self-care Information

Acne

Tips on how you can self manage your acne.

"Supporting you to look after you"

- Acne is common and affects most people at some point in their life. It tends to start at puberty.
- Acne causes spots, oily skin and sometimes skin that is hot or painful to touch.
- Acne cannot be cured, but it can be controlled with treatment.
- For most people, acne stops within 5 years, but some people may have lifelong acne.
- Several creams, lotions and gels are available at pharmacies for treating mild acne.

Your local community pharmacy can help with acne

- You don't need to see your GP to get treatment for mild acne.
- Speak to your pharmacist for advice if you're not sure which type of medicine is best for you and your symptoms.
- Ask your pharmacist which treatment to buy for a child, some treatments are not suitable for younger children.
- A product containing benzoyl peroxide may be recommended. Don't let it touch anything coloured, like hair or dyed fabrics, as it might cause them to fade or change colour.

Did you know?

Acne is most commonly caused by hormone changes. It's a myth that diet or poor hygiene play a role in acne.

• Ask your pharmacist which treatment to buy if you are pregnant or breastfeeding.

See your GP if:

- Your acne is really bad and you feel physically unwell because of it.
- You have a lot of spots on your chest and /or back as well as on your face.
- You develop painful spots that feel 'deep' in your skin.
- You get distressed by your acne, and/or it affects your social life.
- You notice the beginning of scarring despite treatment.
- You suspect that you may have an underlying medical condition that causes your acne for example, if you have additional symptoms such as infrequent or absent periods, excessive hair growth, or hair loss.

You could try

- Washing with mild soap or cleanser and lukewarm water.
 Very hot or very cold water can make acne worse.
- Using water-based make-up, skincare and suncare which is less likely to block the pores in your skin than oil-based products.
- Completely removing make-up before you go to bed.
- Washing your hair regularly and trying to avoid your hair falling across your face.
- Exercising more, regular exercise can't improve your acne, but it can boost your mood and improve your selfesteem. Shower as soon as possible once you finish exercising, as sweat can irritate your acne.
- Using a fragrance-free, water-based moisturiser if you have dry skin.

Try not to

- X Wash affected areas of skin more than twice a day. Washing too often can irritate the skin and make symptoms worse.
- X Squeeze spots or try to "clean out" blackheads. This can make them worse and can cause permanent scarring.
- X Use too much make-up.

Here are some useful links to further information:

Or visit your local pharmacy for advice			5
Patient Websites	https://patient.info/skin-conditions/acne-leaflet	78	
NHS Website	https://www.nhs.uk/conditions/acne/	f	

Created by:

NHS Nottingham & Nottinghamshire ICB Medicines Optimisation Team in partnership with







Life Choices

