Check: <u>self-management plan</u>, symptoms, exacerbations, inhaler technique, adherence, how many inhalers used (too few/ many), vaccines offered, smoking & pollution.

Consider Allergy treatment. Advise: If treatment becomes less effective or symptoms deteriorate – seek medical attention.

Expiry Cost Age (SIT License)

3 years £28 ≥12 years

2 years £19 ≥12 years

4 months £21.50 ≥12 years

3 months £14 ≥18 years Single Inhaler Therapy (SIT)
(No salbutamol or other SABA)

Formoterol/Budesonide.
120 dose DPI



Symbicort Inhaler 200/6



WockAir 160/4.5



Fobumix 160/4.5

If DPI not suitable

Formoterol/Beclomethasone 120 dose MDI

Luforbec 100/6 Bibecfo 100/6



Increase and reduce dose according to asthma control.

Uncontrolled on AIR

OR new & highly symptomatic (e.g. regular nocturnal waking or recent exacerbation)

Low dose MART

(Maintenance And Reliever Therapy)

ONE dose BD & 1 reliever PRN

Uncontrolled with moderate dose MART? See page 2

NHS

Uncontrolled on low dose MART

Moderate dose MART

(Maintenance And Reliever Therapy)

TWO doses BD & 1 reliever PRN

PRN Reliever: 1 dose as needed. Symptoms after a few minutes? Take an additional dose No more than 6 doses on any single occasion: See Asthma attack advice box below.

Formoterol/budesonide DPI

Best evidence for AIR & MART

Low carbon footprint

≥12 licence for AIR & MART

Longer in use expiry options convenient for

AIR

Newly diagnosed or

only using a SABA

AIR

(Anti-Inflammatory Reliever)

ONE reliever

dose PRN

(consider expiry)

Formoterol/beclomethasone MDI & DPI

Off label for AIR and moderate MART. Offer a spacer. Areochambers are compatible

MART max daily doses Formoterol/budesonide DPI

Normally not more than 8 doses a day. Max 12 doses a day for limited period.

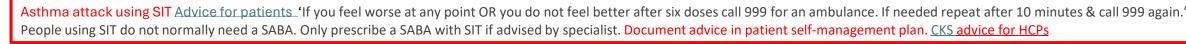
Seek medical attention

Bibecfo & Luforbec MDI.

8 doses in 24 hrs

≥ 5 doses in 24 hrs = High dose ICS.

5 doses in 24 hours = 150 doses per month > 1 inhaler 8 doses in 24 hours = 240 doses per month = 2 inhalers





Check: self-management plan, symptoms, exacerbations, inhaler technique, adherence, how many inhalers used (too few/ many), vaccines offered, smoking & pollution. Consider Allergy treatment. Advise: If treatment becomes less effective or symptoms deteriorate – seek medical attention.

If asthma uncontrolled despite good adherence and inhaler technique check blood eosinophil count and FeNO level (if available)

Refer to Secondary Care

If uncontrolled

If blood eosinophils[†] raised despite good adherence (at least 75% of expected inhalers collected)

If blood eosinophils[†] are **NOT** raised or patient is awaiting

Secondary Care appt:

Moderate MART with 12- week trial of:

Either

Montelukast (MHRA warning)

- 12-14 years 5mg OD
- >15 years 10mg OD

Tiotropium (only for CrCl >49ml/min, see other cautions)

- Spiriva Respimat 2 doses OD
- Tiogiva 1 dose OD (unlicensed)







After 12-week trial:

If asthma controlled, continue treatment

or

If improved but inadequate, continue treatment & start trial of alternative.

or

If not improved, **STOP** treatment and start trial of alternative

REFERRAL CRITERIA:

FeNO / eosinophil raised †

asthma still uncontrolled despite trials of Montelukast and Tiotropium

≥ 2 courses of oral steroids in previous 12 months

> †above upper limit of normal for local lab